

Rubi 4.16.0.4 Integration Test Results

on the problems in the test-suite directory "0 Independent test suites"

Test results for the 175 problems in "Apostol Problems.m"

Test results for the 35 problems in "Bondarenko Problems.m"

Problem 7: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\text{Log}[1+x]}{x \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 291 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -8 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - \frac{2 \operatorname{Log}[1+x]}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}} - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}[1+x] + \\ & 2 \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - 2 \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right] - \\ & \sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 23 leaves, 0 steps):

$$\operatorname{Unintegrable}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Log}[1+x]}{x \sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}, x\right]$$

Problem 8: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \operatorname{Log}[1+x]}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 308 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -16\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} + 16 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + 4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \operatorname{Log}[1+x] - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}[1+x] + \\ & 4\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] - 4\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right] + 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right] - \\ & 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1-\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right] - 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2-\sqrt{2}}\right] + 2\sqrt{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}}\right)}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 23 leaves, 0 steps):

$$\operatorname{Unintegrable}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x}} \operatorname{Log}[1+x]}{x}, x\right]$$

Problem 21: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(\operatorname{Cos}[x] + \operatorname{Cos}[3x])^5} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 108 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{523}{256} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[x]] + \frac{1483 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{2} \operatorname{Sin}[x]\right]}{512 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{Sin}[x]}{32 (1-2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2)^4} - \\ & \frac{17 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{192 (1-2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2)^3} + \frac{203 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{768 (1-2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2)^2} - \frac{437 \operatorname{Sin}[x]}{512 (1-2 \operatorname{Sin}[x]^2)} - \frac{43}{256} \operatorname{Sec}[x] \operatorname{Tan}[x] - \frac{1}{128} \operatorname{Sec}[x]^3 \operatorname{Tan}[x] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 786 leaves, 45 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{523}{256} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sin}[x]] - \frac{1483 \operatorname{Log}\left[2 + \sqrt{2} + \operatorname{Cos}[x] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Cos}[x] - \operatorname{Sin}[x] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Sin}[x]\right]}{2048 \sqrt{2}} - \\
& \frac{1483 \operatorname{Log}\left[2 - \sqrt{2} + \operatorname{Cos}[x] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Cos}[x] + \operatorname{Sin}[x] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Sin}[x]\right]}{2048 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{1483 \operatorname{Log}\left[2 - \sqrt{2} + \operatorname{Cos}[x] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Cos}[x] - \operatorname{Sin}[x] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Sin}[x]\right]}{2048 \sqrt{2}} + \\
& \frac{1483 \operatorname{Log}\left[2 + \sqrt{2} + \operatorname{Cos}[x] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Cos}[x] + \operatorname{Sin}[x] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Sin}[x]\right]}{2048 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{128 \left(1 - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^4} + \frac{1}{64 \left(1 - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^3} - \frac{47}{256 \left(1 - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^2} + \frac{45}{256 \left(1 - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)} + \\
& \frac{1}{128 \left(1 + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^4} - \frac{1}{64 \left(1 + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^3} + \frac{47}{256 \left(1 + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)^2} - \frac{45}{256 \left(1 + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)} - \frac{7 - 17 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{4 \left(1 - 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^4} + \frac{119 \left(1 + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{48 \left(1 - 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^3} - \\
& \frac{11 \left(1 + 3 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{12 \left(1 - 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^3} - \frac{1 - 43 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{32 \left(1 - 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2} - \frac{65 \left(1 + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{384 \left(1 - 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2} + \frac{451 \left(1 + \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{512 \left(1 - 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)} - \\
& \frac{89 + 15 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{64 \left(1 - 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)} + \frac{7 + 17 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{4 \left(1 + 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^4} + \frac{11 \left(1 - 3 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{12 \left(1 + 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^3} - \frac{119 \left(1 - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{48 \left(1 + 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^3} + \\
& \frac{65 \left(1 - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{384 \left(1 + 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2} + \frac{1 + 43 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{32 \left(1 + 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)^2} + \frac{89 - 15 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{64 \left(1 + 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)} - \frac{451 \left(1 - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right)}{512 \left(1 + 2 \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \operatorname{Tan}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 24: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{Tanh}[x]}{\sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 110 leaves, ? steps):

$$2 e^{-x} \sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{i - (1 - 2i) e^x}{2\sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}}\right]}{\sqrt{1+i}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{i + (1 + 2i) e^x}{2\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}}\right]}{\sqrt{1-i}}$$

Result (type 3, 147 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\frac{2(1 + e^x)}{\sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}} - \frac{(1 - i)^{3/2} \sqrt{e^x} \sqrt{1 + e^x} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-i} \sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right]}{\sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}} - \frac{(1 + i)^{3/2} \sqrt{e^x} \sqrt{1 + e^x} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1+i} \sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{1+e^x}}\right]}{\sqrt{e^x + e^{2x}}}$$

Problem 26: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Log}[x^2 + \sqrt{1-x^2}] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 185 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -2x - \text{ArcSin}[x] + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \\ & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + x \text{Log}[x^2 + \sqrt{1-x^2}] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 349 leaves, 31 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -2x - \text{ArcSin}[x] - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \\ & 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] - \\ & 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-1+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + x \text{Log}[x^2 + \sqrt{1-x^2}] \end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 14 problems in "Bronstein Problems.m"

Problem 12: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 2x \text{Log}[x] + \text{Log}[x]^2 + (1+x)\sqrt{x + \text{Log}[x]}}{x^3 + 2x^2 \text{Log}[x] + x \text{Log}[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 13 leaves, ? steps):

$$\text{Log}[x] - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x + \text{Log}[x]}}$$

Result (type 8, 65 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(x + \text{Log}[x])^{3/2}}, x\right] - \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{\text{Log}[x] (x + \text{Log}[x])^{3/2}}, x\right] -$$

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{\text{Log}[x]^2 \sqrt{x + \text{Log}[x]}}, x\right] + \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\sqrt{x + \text{Log}[x]}}{x \text{Log}[x]^2}, x\right] + \text{Log}[x]$$

Test results for the 50 problems in "Charlwood Problems.m"

Problem 3: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int -\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 69 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt{1+x})\sqrt{-x+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+x}}{4\sqrt{2}} - \left(\frac{3}{8} + x\right)\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}]$$

Result (type 8, 60 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-x \text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}] + \frac{\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-x+\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{1+x}}, x\right]}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

Problem 4: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{Log}[1+x\sqrt{1+x^2}] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 97 leaves, ? steps):

$$-2x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{-2+\sqrt{5}}(x+\sqrt{1+x^2})\right] - \sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{2+\sqrt{5}}(x+\sqrt{1+x^2})\right] + x \text{Log}[1+x\sqrt{1+x^2}]$$

Result (type 3, 332 leaves, 32 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2x - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(-1+\sqrt{5})}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] + \\
& \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \\
& \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(1+\sqrt{5})}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] - \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] + x \operatorname{Log}\left[1+x\sqrt{1+x^2}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 5: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos[x]^2}{\sqrt{1+\cos[x]^2+\cos[x]^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 45 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{x}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\cos[x](1+\cos[x]^2)\sin[x]}{1+\cos[x]^2\sqrt{1+\cos[x]^2+\cos[x]^4}}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 289 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\tan[x]}{\sqrt{3+3\tan[x]^2+\tan[x]^4}}\right] \cos[x]^2 \sqrt{3+3\tan[x]^2+\tan[x]^4}}{2\sqrt{\cos[x]^4(3+3\tan[x]^2+\tan[x]^4)}} \\
& + \frac{(1+\sqrt{3})\cos[x]^2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\tan[x]}{3^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{4}(2-\sqrt{3})\right] (\sqrt{3}+\tan[x]^2) \sqrt{\frac{3+3\tan[x]^2+\tan[x]^4}{(\sqrt{3}+\tan[x]^2)^2}}}{4 \times 3^{1/4} \sqrt{\cos[x]^4(3+3\tan[x]^2+\tan[x]^4)}} \\
& \left(\frac{(2+\sqrt{3})\cos[x]^2 \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{1}{6}(3-2\sqrt{3}), 2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\tan[x]}{3^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{4}(2-\sqrt{3})\right] (\sqrt{3}+\tan[x]^2) \sqrt{\frac{3+3\tan[x]^2+\tan[x]^4}{(\sqrt{3}+\tan[x]^2)^2}}}{4 \times 3^{1/4} \sqrt{\cos[x]^4(3+3\tan[x]^2+\tan[x]^4)}} \right) /
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 12: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \text{ArcTan}[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 141 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] -$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + x \text{ArcTan}[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}] - \frac{1}{4} \text{ArcTanh}[x\sqrt{1-x^2}] - \frac{1}{8} \text{Log}[1-x^2+x^4]$$

Result (type 3, 269 leaves, 40 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{12}(3i-\sqrt{3}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] +$$

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{12}(3i+\sqrt{3}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + x \text{ArcTan}[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}] - \frac{1}{8} \text{Log}[1-x^2+x^4]$$

Problem 13: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{x \text{ArcTan}[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 152 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] -$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \sqrt{1-x^2} \text{ArcTan}[x + \sqrt{1-x^2}] + \frac{1}{4} \text{ArcTanh}[x\sqrt{1-x^2}] + \frac{1}{8} \text{Log}[1-x^2+x^4]$$

Result (type 3, 286 leaves, 32 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{12}(3i-\sqrt{3})\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right] + \\
& \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{12}(3i+\sqrt{3})\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-i-\sqrt{3}}{i+\sqrt{3}}}\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x}\right] - \sqrt{1-x^2}\text{ArcTan}[x+\sqrt{1-x^2}] + \frac{1}{8}\text{Log}[1-x^2+x^4]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 42: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[x]}{\sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 28 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\cos[x]\cot[x]\sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]^4}}{\sqrt{2}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 3, 59 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}\sin[x]}{\sqrt{2\sin[x]^2-\sin[x]^4}}\right]\sqrt{1-\cos[x]^4}\text{Sec}[x]^2}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]^4}}$$

Problem 45: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{-\sqrt{-1+\text{Sec}[x]}+\sqrt{1+\text{Sec}[x]}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 337 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}} \left(-\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} + \sqrt{1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} \right)}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{-1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} + \sqrt{1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]}}} \right] - \right. \\ & \left. \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}} \left(-\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} + \sqrt{1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} \right)}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{-1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} + \sqrt{1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]}}} \right] - \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-\sqrt{-1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} + \sqrt{1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]}}}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} + \sqrt{1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]}}} \right] + \right. \\ & \left. \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{-\sqrt{-1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} + \sqrt{1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]}}}{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} + \sqrt{1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]}}} \right] \right) \operatorname{Cot}[x] \sqrt{-1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} \sqrt{1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves, 0 steps):

$$\operatorname{CannotIntegrate} \left[\sqrt{-\sqrt{-1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]} + \sqrt{1+\operatorname{Sec}[x]}}, x \right]$$

Test results for the 284 problems in "Hearn Problems.m"

Problem 169: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{1-e^{x^2} x+2x^2} (x+2x^3)}{(1-e^{x^2} x)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 25 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{e^{1-e^{x^2} x}}{-1+e^{x^2} x}$$

Result (type 8, 69 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\operatorname{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{e^{1-e^{x^2} x+2x^2} x}{(-1+e^{x^2} x)^2}, x \right] + 2 \operatorname{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{e^{1-e^{x^2} x+2x^2} x^3}{(-1+e^{x^2} x)^2}, x \right]$$

Problem 278: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{-8-8x-x^2-3x^3+7x^4+4x^5+2x^6}{(-1+2x^2)^2 \sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 94 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{(1+2x)\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}{2(-1+2x^2)} - \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{x(2+x)(7-x+27x^2+33x^3)}{(2+37x^2+31x^3)\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 354 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{9}{4} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \frac{13}{4} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(\sqrt{2}-2x)^2\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] + \\ & \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \\ & \frac{13}{4} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(\sqrt{2}+2x)^2\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \frac{13}{8} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(1-\sqrt{2}x)\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \\ & \frac{1}{8}(15+\sqrt{2}) \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(1-\sqrt{2}x)\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \frac{13}{8} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{2}x)\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \\ & \frac{1}{8}(15-\sqrt{2}) \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{2}x)\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] - \frac{17}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{x}{(-1+2x^2)^2\sqrt{1+2x^2+4x^3+x^4}}, x\right] \end{aligned}$$

Problem 279: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1+2y)\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{y(1+y)(2+y)\sqrt{1-y-y^2}} dy$$

Optimal (type 3, 142 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{1}{4} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(1-3y)\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{(1-5y)\sqrt{1-y-y^2}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(4+3y)\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{(6+5y)\sqrt{1-y-y^2}}\right] + \frac{9}{4} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(11+7y)\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{3(7+5y)\sqrt{1-y-y^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 115 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{y\sqrt{1-y-y^2}}, y\right] + \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{(1+y)\sqrt{1-y-y^2}}, y\right] - \frac{3}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-5y-5y^2}}{(2+y)\sqrt{1-y-y^2}}, y\right]$$

Problem 281: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \left(\sqrt{9-4\sqrt{2}} x - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+4x+2x^2+x^4} \right) dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 4030 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{9 - 4\sqrt{2}} x^2 - \sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4} + \frac{1}{3} (1+x) \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{4i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4}}{4 \times 2^{2/3} \left(-i + \sqrt{3} \right) - 2i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + 6i \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} x} \right. \\
& \left. \left(8 \times 2^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{3}{-13 + 3\sqrt{33} + 4 \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3}}} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{\left(\left(i \left(-19899 + 3445\sqrt{33} + \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \left(-2574 + 466\sqrt{33} \right) + \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \left(-19899 + 3445\sqrt{33} \right) + \left(59697 - 10335\sqrt{33} \right) x \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
& \left(\left(-39 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 9\sqrt{33} + 4i \left(3i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} \right) \right. \\
& \left. \left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + \left(-13 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \left(-4 - 4i\sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + 6 \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right) x \right) \right) \\
& \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4} \operatorname{EllipticE} \left[\operatorname{ArcSin} \left[\left(\sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + \left(-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. 4i \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + 6 \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right) x \right) \right) \right] \left/ \left(\sqrt{\frac{39 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} - 9\sqrt{33} + 4 \left(3 - i\sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3}}{39 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} - 9\sqrt{33} + 4 \left(3 + i\sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3}}} \right) \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + \left(-13 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \left(-4 - 4i\sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + 6 \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right) x \right) \right) \right] \right), \\
& \left. \frac{4 \left(21 + 7i\sqrt{3} - 3i\sqrt{11} - 3\sqrt{33} \right) + \left(3 - i\sqrt{3} - 3i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3}}{4 \left(21 - 7i\sqrt{3} + 3i\sqrt{11} - 3\sqrt{33} \right) + \left(3 + i\sqrt{3} + 3i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3}} \right] \left/ \right. \\
& \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} - \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + 3 \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} x \right) \\
& \left. \sqrt{\left(\left(i \left(1+x \right) \right) \right) \left/ \left(\left(104 - 24\sqrt{33} + \left(-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + 4i \left(i + \sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} \right) \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + \left(-13 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{1/3} + \left(-4 - 4i\sqrt{3} \right) \left(-26 + 6\sqrt{33} \right)^{2/3} + 6 \left(-13 + 3\sqrt{33} \right) x \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + (-4 - 4i\sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33})x\right)} \\
& \sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 4i(i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33})x\right)} + \\
& \left(2^{1/3} (13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} - 3\sqrt{33}) + 4 \times 2^{2/3} (1 + i\sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 20 (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3}\right) \\
& \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} (i + \sqrt{3}) + 8i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} (-i + \sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3}\right) \sqrt{\frac{52 - 12\sqrt{33} - 2^{1/3} (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{4/3} + 4 (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3}}{-13 + 3\sqrt{33} + 4 (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3}}} \\
& \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{1+x} (-8i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) + (-43i - 13\sqrt{3} + 9\sqrt{11} + 5i\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + (2i + 4\sqrt{3} - 2i\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + \right. \\
& \left. (8i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) + (13i - 13\sqrt{3} + 9\sqrt{11} - 3i\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 4(i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3})x\right)} \\
& \sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\frac{52 - 12\sqrt{33} - 2^{1/3} (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{4/3} + 4 (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3}}{-13 + 3\sqrt{33} + 4 (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3}}}\right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.\sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 4i(i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33})x\right)}\right] \right/ \\
& \left(2^{1/6}\sqrt{3} (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3} \sqrt{39 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} - 9\sqrt{33} + 4(3 - i\sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \sqrt{1+x}}\right)], \\
& \left.\frac{4(21i - 7\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{11} - 3i\sqrt{33}) + (3i + \sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{11} + 3i\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3}}{-56\sqrt{3} + 24\sqrt{11} + 2(\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{11}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3}}\right] \right/ \\
& \left(3 \times 2^{2/3} \times 3^{3/4} (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \sqrt{39 + 13i\sqrt{3} - 9i\sqrt{11} - 9\sqrt{33} + 4(3 - i\sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} \sqrt{1+x}}\right. \\
& \left. (4 \times 2^{2/3} (-i + \sqrt{3}) - 2i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} (i + \sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3}x\right) \\
& \sqrt{\left(26 - 6\sqrt{33} + (-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 4i(i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6(-13 + 3\sqrt{33})x\right)} \\
& \sqrt{\left(\left(8(-13 + 3\sqrt{33}) - (5 - 3i\sqrt{3} + 3i\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} (-41 + 15i\sqrt{3} - 3i\sqrt{11} + 7\sqrt{33}) + \right.\right. \\
& \left.\left.(104 - 24\sqrt{33} + (-13 - 13i\sqrt{3} + 9i\sqrt{11} + 3\sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 4i(i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3})x\right)\right)}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\left(-39 - 13 i \sqrt{3} + 9 i \sqrt{11} + 9 \sqrt{33} + 4 i (3 i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} (1+x) \right) \right) + \\
& \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} + 2 (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} - 2^{1/3} (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right) \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} (i + \sqrt{3}) - 4 i (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} (-i + \sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right) \\
& \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} (-i + \sqrt{3}) + 4 i (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} (i + \sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right) \\
& \sqrt{\left(\left(-39 + 13 i \sqrt{3} - 9 i \sqrt{11} + 9 \sqrt{33} - 4 i (-3 i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} \right) \right) /} \\
& \left(104 - 24 \sqrt{33} + (-13 + 13 i \sqrt{3} - 9 i \sqrt{11} + 3 \sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} + (-4 - 4 i \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right) \sqrt{1+x} \\
& \sqrt{\left(\left(104 - 24 \sqrt{33} + 2 (1 + 14 i \sqrt{3} - 6 i \sqrt{11} + \sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} + (-7 - i \sqrt{3} - 3 i \sqrt{11} + \sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{2/3} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 2 (-52 + 12 \sqrt{33} + 2^{1/3} (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{4/3} - 4 (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{2/3}) x \right) \right) /} \\
& \left(\left(-39 + 13 i \sqrt{3} - 9 i \sqrt{11} + 9 \sqrt{33} - 4 i (-3 i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} (1+x) \right) \right) \\
& \sqrt{\left(\left(104 - 24 \sqrt{33} + 2 (1 - 14 i \sqrt{3} + 6 i \sqrt{11} + \sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} + (-7 + i \sqrt{3} + 3 i \sqrt{11} + \sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{2/3} + \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. 2 (-52 + 12 \sqrt{33} + 2^{1/3} (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{4/3} - 4 (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{2/3}) x \right) \right) /} \\
& \left(\left(-39 - 13 i \sqrt{3} + 9 i \sqrt{11} + 9 \sqrt{33} + 4 i (3 i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} (1+x) \right) \right) \sqrt{1+4x+2x^2+x^4} \\
& \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{2^{1/3} \left(4 \times 2^{1/3} (-3 i + \sqrt{3}) + (3 i + \sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right)}{4 \times 2^{2/3} (-i + \sqrt{3}) - 8 i (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} (i + \sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{2/3}}, \right. \\
& \text{ArcSin} \left[\left(\sqrt{13 - 3 \sqrt{33} - 2^{1/3} (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{4/3} + 4 (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{2/3} + (-39 + 9 \sqrt{33}) x} \right) / \right. \\
& \left. \left(2^{1/6} \sqrt{3} (-13 + 3 \sqrt{33})^{2/3} \sqrt{\left(\left(-39 + 13 i \sqrt{3} - 9 i \sqrt{11} + 9 \sqrt{33} - 4 i (-3 i + \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} \right) \right) /} \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(104 - 24 \sqrt{33} + (-13 + 13 i \sqrt{3} - 9 i \sqrt{11} + 3 \sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3} + (-4 - 4 i \sqrt{3}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{2/3} \right) \sqrt{1+x} \right) \right], \\
& \left. \frac{4 (21 - 7 i \sqrt{3} + 3 i \sqrt{11} - 3 \sqrt{33}) + (3 + i \sqrt{3} + 3 i \sqrt{11} + 3 \sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3}}{4 (21 + 7 i \sqrt{3} - 3 i \sqrt{11} - 3 \sqrt{33}) + (3 - i \sqrt{3} - 3 i \sqrt{11} + 3 \sqrt{33}) (-26 + 6 \sqrt{33})^{1/3}} \right] /}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\begin{aligned} & 2^{1/6} \sqrt{3} \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} (i + \sqrt{3}) + 2i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} (-i + \sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3} - 6i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} x \right) \\ & \left(4 \times 2^{2/3} (-i + \sqrt{3}) - 2i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} + 2^{1/3} (i + \sqrt{3}) (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + 6i (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{1/3} x \right) \\ & \sqrt{13 - 3\sqrt{33} - 2^{1/3} (-13 + 3\sqrt{33})^{4/3} + 4(-26 + 6\sqrt{33})^{2/3} + (-39 + 9\sqrt{33})x} \end{aligned} \right)$$

Result (type 8, 47 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{9 - 4\sqrt{2}} x^2 - \sqrt{2} \text{CannotIntegrate} \left[\sqrt{1 + 4x + 2x^2 + x^4}, x \right]$$

Problem 284: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{3 + 3x - 4x^2 - 4x^3 - 7x^6 + 4x^7 + 10x^8 + 7x^{13}}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 71 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left((1 + \sqrt{2}) \text{Log} [1 + x + \sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{2}x^2 - x^7] - (-1 + \sqrt{2}) \text{Log} [-1 + (-1 + \sqrt{2})x + \sqrt{2}x^2 + x^7] \right)$$

Result (type 8, 248 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \text{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{1}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}}, x \right] + 4 \text{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{x}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}}, x \right] + \\ & 2 \text{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{x^2}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}}, x \right] + 12 \text{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{x^7}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}}, x \right] + \\ & 10 \text{CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{x^8}{1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}}, x \right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log} [1 + 2x - x^2 - 4x^3 - 2x^4 - 2x^7 - 2x^8 + x^{14}] \end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 7 problems in "Hebisch Problems.m"

Problem 2: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{x}{2-x^2}} (2 - x^2)}{2x + x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 10 leaves, ? steps):

$$\text{ExpIntegralEi}\left[\frac{x}{2+x^2}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 76 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{\sqrt{2-x}}, x\right] + \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{x}, x\right] - \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{\sqrt{2+x}}, x\right]$$

Problem 3: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}} (2 + 2x + 3x^2 - x^3 + 2x^4)}{2x + x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 28 leaves, ? steps):

$$e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}} (2 + x^2) + \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left[\frac{x}{2+x^2}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 131 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}, x\right] + (1 + i\sqrt{2}) \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{\sqrt{2-x}}, x\right] +$$

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{x}, x\right] + 2 \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}} x, x\right] - (1 - i\sqrt{2}) \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{\frac{x}{2+x^2}}}{\sqrt{2+x}}, x\right]$$

Problem 5: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{1+x^2}} (1 - 3x - x^2 + x^3)}{1 - x - x^2 + x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 13 leaves, ? steps):

$$e^{-\frac{1}{1+x^2}} (1 + x)$$

Result (type 8, 75 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{1+x^2}}, x\right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{1+x^2}}}{1-x}, x\right] - \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{1+x^2}}}{(-1+x)^2}, x\right] + \frac{1}{2} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{1+x^2}}}{1+x}, x\right]$$

Problem 7: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{x + \frac{1}{\log[x]}} (-1 + (1+x) \log[x]^2)}{\log[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 10 leaves, ? steps):

$$e^{x + \frac{1}{\log[x]}} x$$

Result (type 8, 40 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[e^{x + \frac{1}{\log[x]}} , x\right] + \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[e^{x + \frac{1}{\log[x]}} x, x\right] - \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{e^{x + \frac{1}{\log[x]}}}{\log[x]^2}, x\right]$$

Test results for the 9 problems in "Jeffrey Problems.m"

Problem 2: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1 + \cos[x] + 2 \sin[x]}{3 + \cos[x]^2 + 2 \sin[x] - 2 \cos[x] \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 19 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 \cos[x] - \sin[x]}{2 + \sin[x]}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 38 leaves, 43 steps):

$$-\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 \cos[x] - \sin[x]}{2 + \sin[x]}\right] + \text{Cot}\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \frac{\sin[x]}{1 - \cos[x]}$$

Problem 3: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{2 + \cos[x] + 5 \sin[x]}{4 \cos[x] - 2 \sin[x] + \cos[x] \sin[x] - 2 \sin[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 19 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\text{Log}[1 - 3 \cos[x] + \sin[x]] + \text{Log}[3 + \cos[x] + \sin[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves, 25 steps):

$$-\text{Log}\left[1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] - \text{Log}\left[1 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[2 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right]$$

Problem 4: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{3 + 7 \cos[x] + 2 \sin[x]}{1 + 4 \cos[x] + 3 \cos[x]^2 - 5 \sin[x] - \cos[x] \sin[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 19 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\text{Log}[1 + \cos[x] - 2 \sin[x]] + \text{Log}[3 + \cos[x] + \sin[x]]$$

Result (type 3, 31 leaves, 32 steps):

$$-\text{Log}\left[1 - 2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right] + \text{Log}\left[2 + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2\right]$$

Problem 5: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{-1 + 4 \cos[x] + 5 \cos[x]^2}{-1 - 4 \cos[x] - 3 \cos[x]^2 + 4 \cos[x]^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 43 leaves, ? steps):

$$x - 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sin[x]}{3 + \cos[x]}\right] - 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3 \sin[x] + 7 \cos[x] \sin[x]}{1 + 2 \cos[x] + 5 \cos[x]^2}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 79 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{1 + 4 \cos[x] + 3 \cos[x]^2 - 4 \cos[x]^3}, x\right] + 4 \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\cos[x]}{-1 - 4 \cos[x] - 3 \cos[x]^2 + 4 \cos[x]^3}, x\right] + 5 \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{\cos[x]^2}{-1 - 4 \cos[x] - 3 \cos[x]^2 + 4 \cos[x]^3}, x\right]$$

Problem 6: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{-5 + 2 \cos[x] + 7 \cos[x]^2}{-1 + 2 \cos[x] - 9 \cos[x]^2 + 4 \cos[x]^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 25 leaves, ? steps):

$$x - 2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 \cos[x] \sin[x]}{1 - \cos[x] + 2 \cos[x]^2}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 81 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-5 \text{ CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{1}{-1 + 2 \cos[x] - 9 \cos[x]^2 + 4 \cos[x]^3}, x \right] +$$

$$2 \text{ CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{\cos[x]}{-1 + 2 \cos[x] - 9 \cos[x]^2 + 4 \cos[x]^3}, x \right] + 7 \text{ CannotIntegrate} \left[\frac{\cos[x]^2}{-1 + 2 \cos[x] - 9 \cos[x]^2 + 4 \cos[x]^3}, x \right]$$

Test results for the 113 problems in "Moses Problems.m"

Test results for the 376 problems in "Stewart Problems.m"

Test results for the 705 problems in "Timofeev Problems.m"

Problem 69: Result optimal but 1 more steps used.

$$\int \frac{\text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{x}{a}\right]^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 42 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{2 a \sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{a^2}} \text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{x}{a}\right]^{5/2}}{5 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$$

Result (type 3, 42 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2 a \sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{a^2}} \text{ArcSin}\left[\frac{x}{a}\right]^{5/2}}{5 \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$$

Problem 222: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x} x (1+x)^{2/3}}{-(1-x)^{5/6} (1+x)^{1/3} + (1-x)^{2/3} \sqrt{1+x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 292 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{12} (1-3x) (1-x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1-x} x \sqrt{1+x} - \frac{1}{4} (1-x) (3+x) + \\
& \frac{1}{12} (1-x)^{1/3} (1+x)^{2/3} (1+3x) + \frac{1}{12} (1-x)^{1/6} (1+x)^{5/6} (2+3x) - \frac{1}{12} (1-x)^{5/6} (1+x)^{1/6} (10+3x) + \\
& \frac{1}{6} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1+x)^{1/6}}{(1-x)^{1/6}}\right] - \frac{4 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1-x)^{1/3}-2(1+x)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} - \frac{5}{6} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1-x)^{1/3}-(1+x)^{1/3}}{(1-x)^{1/6}(1+x)^{1/6}}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/6}(1+x)^{1/6}}{(1-x)^{1/3}+(1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{6\sqrt{3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 522 leaves, 46 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x}{2} + \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{7}{12} (1-x)^{5/6} (1+x)^{1/6} + \frac{1}{6} (1-x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} - \frac{1}{4} (1-x)^{5/3} (1+x)^{1/3} + \frac{1}{3} (1-x)^{1/3} (1+x)^{2/3} - \frac{1}{4} (1-x)^{4/3} (1+x)^{2/3} + \\
& \frac{5}{12} (1-x)^{1/6} (1+x)^{5/6} - \frac{1}{4} (1-x)^{7/6} (1+x)^{5/6} - \frac{1}{4} (1-x)^{5/6} (1+x)^{7/6} + \frac{1}{4} x \sqrt{1-x^2} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcSin}[x]}{4} - \frac{2}{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(1-x)^{1/6}}{(1+x)^{1/6}}\right] + \\
& \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2(1-x)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}(1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3} - \frac{2(1-x)^{1/6}}{(1+x)^{1/6}}\right] - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3} + \frac{2(1-x)^{1/6}}{(1+x)^{1/6}}\right] - \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2(1+x)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{9} \operatorname{Log}[1-x] + \\
& \frac{1}{9} \operatorname{Log}[1+x] + \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(1-x)^{1/3}}{(1+x)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(1-x)^{1/3}}{(1+x)^{1/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/6}}{(1+x)^{1/6}}\right]}{12\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(1-x)^{1/3}}{(1+x)^{1/3}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/6}}{(1+x)^{1/6}}\right]}{12\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(1+x)^{1/3}}{(1-x)^{1/3}}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 226: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x)\right)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 67 leaves, ? steps):

$$\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(-1+x)}{((-1+x)^2 (1+x))^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}[1+x] - \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{-1+x}{((-1+x)^2 (1+x))^{1/3}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 188 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{(3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2(1+x)^{1/3}}{3^{1/6}(3-3x)^{1/3}}\right]}{3^{1/6} (1-x-x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} - \frac{(3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{8}{3}(-1+x)\right]}{2 \times 3^{2/3} (1-x-x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} - \frac{3^{1/3} (3-3x)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{3^{1/3}(1+x)^{1/3}}{(3-3x)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 (1-x-x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 228: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x)\right)^{1/3}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 150 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x)\right)^{1/3}}{x} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2(-1+x)}{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x)\right)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(-1+x)}{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x)\right)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \\ & \frac{\text{Log}[x]}{6} - \frac{2}{3} \text{Log}[1+x] - \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{-1+x}{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x)\right)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{-1+x}{\left((-1+x)^2 (1+x)\right)^{1/3}}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 404 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3}}{x} - \frac{3 \times 3^{1/6} \left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2(3-3x)^{1/3}}{3^{5/6}(1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{\left(3-3x\right)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} - \\ & \frac{3^{1/6} \left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(3-3x)^{1/3}}{3^{5/6}(1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{\left(3-3x\right)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} + \frac{\left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{Log}[x]}{2 \times 3^{1/3} \left(3-3x\right)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} - \frac{3^{2/3} \left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[\frac{4(1+x)}{3}\right]}{2 \left(3-3x\right)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} - \\ & \frac{3 \times 3^{2/3} \left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(3-3x)^{1/3}}{3^{1/3}(1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \left(3-3x\right)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} - \frac{3^{2/3} \left(1-x-x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{2/3} \left(3-3x\right)^{1/3} - \frac{2^{2/3}(1+x)^{1/3}}{3^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \left(3-3x\right)^{2/3} (1+x)^{1/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 232: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(9+3x-5x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 75 leaves, ? steps):

$$\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(-3+x)}{\left(9+3x-5x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[1+x] - \frac{3}{2} \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{-3+x}{\left(9+3x-5x^2+x^3\right)^{1/3}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 188 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{(9-3x)^{2/3}(1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2(1+x)^{1/3}}{3^{1/6}(9-3x)^{1/3}}\right]}{3^{1/6}(9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} - \frac{(9-3x)^{2/3}(1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{32}{3}(-3+x)\right]}{2 \times 3^{2/3}(9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}} - \frac{3^{1/3}(9-3x)^{2/3}(1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{3^{1/3}(1+x)^{1/3}}{(9-3x)^{1/3}}\right]}{2(9+3x-5x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 288: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 45 leaves, ? steps):

$$-x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2} - \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 59 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{3}{2(1+2(x+\sqrt{1+x+x^2}))} + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2}\right] - \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + 2(x + \sqrt{1+x+x^2})\right]$$

Problem 306: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int (x(1-x^2))^{1/3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 93 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} x (x(1-x^2))^{1/3} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2x - (x(1-x^2))^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}(x(1-x^2))^{1/3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{12} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (x(1-x^2))^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 200 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} x (x-x^3)^{1/3} - \frac{x^{2/3}(1-x^2)^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2x^{2/3}}{(1-x^2)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2\sqrt{3}(x-x^3)^{2/3}} + \frac{x^{2/3}(1-x^2)^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x^{4/3}}{(1-x^2)^{2/3}} - \frac{x^{2/3}}{(1-x^2)^{1/3}}\right]}{12(x-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{x^{2/3}(1-x^2)^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x^{2/3}}{(1-x^2)^{1/3}}\right]}{6(x-x^3)^{2/3}}$$

Problem 314: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(-1+x^3)(2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 78 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2 \cdot 3^{1/3} x}{(2+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3^{5/6}} - \frac{\text{Log}[-1 + x^3]}{6 \times 3^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[3^{1/3} x - (2 + x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 3^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 107 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2x}{3^{1/6}(2+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3^{5/6}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{3^{1/3}x}{(2+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 3^{1/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{3^{2/3}x^2}{(2+x^3)^{2/3}} + \frac{3^{1/3}x}{(2+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 3^{1/3}}$$

Problem 319: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3x + 3x^2 + x^3)(3 + 3x + 3x^2 + x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 90 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2 \cdot 3^{1/3}(1+x)}{(2+(1+x)^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3^{5/6}} - \frac{\text{Log}[1 - (1+x)^3]}{6 \times 3^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[3^{1/3}(1+x) - (2 + (1+x)^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 3^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 123 leaves, 9 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(1+x)}{3^{1/6}(2+(1+x)^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3^{5/6}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{3^{1/3}(1+x)}{(2+(1+x)^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 3^{1/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{3^{2/3}(1+x)^2}{(2+(1+x)^3)^{2/3}} + \frac{3^{1/3}(1+x)}{(2+(1+x)^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 3^{1/3}}$$

Problem 401: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Tan}[x]}{(-1 + \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]})^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 84 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \text{Tan}[x]}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1 + \text{Tan}[x]}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[x]] + \text{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}\right] + \frac{1}{1 - \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}}$$

Result (type 3, 133 leaves, 19 steps):

$$-\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[1 - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[1 + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[x]] +$$

$$\text{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}\right] - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]} + \text{Tan}[x]\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]} + \text{Tan}[x]\right]}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{1 - \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}}$$

Problem 416: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Cos}[2x] - \sqrt{\text{Sin}[2x]}}{\sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 108 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\sqrt{2} \text{Log}\left[\text{Cos}[x] + \text{Sin}[x] - \sqrt{2} \text{Sec}[x] \sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]}\right] -$$

$$\frac{\text{ArcSin}\left[\text{Cos}[x] - \text{Sin}[x]\right] \text{Cos}[x] \sqrt{\text{Sin}[2x]}}{\sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]}} - \frac{\text{ArcTanh}\left[\text{Sin}[x]\right] \text{Cos}[x] \sqrt{\text{Sin}[2x]}}{\sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]}} - \frac{\text{Sin}[2x]}{\sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]}}$$

Result (type 3, 234 leaves, 27 steps):

$$-2 \text{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]} - \sqrt{2} \text{ArcSinh}\left[\text{Tan}[x]\right] \text{Cot}[x] \left(\text{Sec}[x]^2\right)^{3/2} \sqrt{\text{Cos}[x] \text{Sin}[x]} \sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]} -$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[1 - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}\right] \text{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]}}{\sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \text{ArcTan}\left[1 + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}\right] \text{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]}}{\sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}} -$$

$$\frac{\text{Log}\left[1 - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]} + \text{Tan}[x]\right] \text{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]} + \text{Tan}[x]\right] \text{Sec}[x]^2 \sqrt{\text{Cos}[x]^3 \text{Sin}[x]}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x]}}$$

Problem 447: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\text{Sec}[x]^2 (-\text{Cos}[2x] + 2 \text{Tan}[x]^2)}{(\text{Tan}[x] \text{Tan}[2x])^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 100 leaves, ? steps):

$$2 \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\text{Tan}[x]}{\sqrt{\text{Tan}[x] \text{Tan}[2x]}}\right] - \frac{11 \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \text{Tan}[x]}{\sqrt{\text{Tan}[x] \text{Tan}[2x]}}\right]}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\text{Tan}[x]}{2 (\text{Tan}[x] \text{Tan}[2x])^{3/2}} + \frac{2 \text{Tan}[x]^3}{3 (\text{Tan}[x] \text{Tan}[2x])^{3/2}} + \frac{3 \text{Tan}[x]}{4 \sqrt{\text{Tan}[x] \text{Tan}[2x]}}$$

Result (type 3, 208 leaves, 21 steps):

$$\frac{3 \tan [x]}{4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\tan [x]^2}{1-\tan [x]^2}}} + \frac{\cot [x] (1-\tan [x]^2)}{4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\tan [x]^2}{1-\tan [x]^2}}} + \frac{\tan [x] (1-\tan [x]^2)}{3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\tan [x]^2}{1-\tan [x]^2}}} - \frac{11 \operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt{-1+\tan [x]^2}] \tan [x]}{4 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{\tan [x]^2}{1-\tan [x]^2}} \sqrt{-1+\tan [x]^2}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-1+\tan [x]^2}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] \tan [x]}{\sqrt{\frac{\tan [x]^2}{1-\tan [x]^2}} \sqrt{-1+\tan [x]^2}}$$

Problem 455: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sin [x]^6 \tan [x]}{\cos [2 x]^{3/4}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 102 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\sqrt{\cos [2 x]}}{\sqrt{2} \cos [2 x]^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{\cos [2 x]}}{\sqrt{2} \cos [2 x]^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{7}{4} \cos [2 x]^{1/4} - \frac{1}{5} \cos [2 x]^{5/4} + \frac{1}{36} \cos [2 x]^{9/4}$$

Result (type 3, 154 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1-\sqrt{2} \cos [2 x]^{1/4}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1+\sqrt{2} \cos [2 x]^{1/4}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{7}{4} \cos [2 x]^{1/4} - \frac{1}{5} \cos [2 x]^{5/4} + \frac{1}{36} \cos [2 x]^{9/4} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1-\sqrt{2} \cos [2 x]^{1/4}+\sqrt{\cos [2 x]}\right]}{2 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1+\sqrt{2} \cos [2 x]^{1/4}+\sqrt{\cos [2 x]}\right]}{2 \sqrt{2}}$$

Problem 567: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{x/2} x^2 \cos [x]^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 187 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{132}{125} e^{x/2} \cos [x] + \frac{18}{25} e^{x/2} x \cos [x] + \frac{48}{185} e^{x/2} x^2 \cos [x] + \frac{2}{37} e^{x/2} x^2 \cos [x]^3 - \frac{428 e^{x/2} \cos [3 x]}{50653} + \frac{70 e^{x/2} x \cos [3 x]}{1369} - \frac{24}{125} e^{x/2} \sin [x] - \frac{24}{25} e^{x/2} x \sin [x] + \frac{96}{185} e^{x/2} x^2 \sin [x] + \frac{12}{37} e^{x/2} x^2 \cos [x]^2 \sin [x] - \frac{792 e^{x/2} \sin [3 x]}{50653} - \frac{24 e^{x/2} x \sin [3 x]}{1369}$$

Result (type 3, 253 leaves, 31 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{6\,331\,625 e^{x/2} \cos[x]}{6\,331\,625} + \frac{24\,792 e^{x/2} x \cos[x]}{34\,225} + \frac{48}{185} e^{x/2} x^2 \cos[x] + \frac{16 e^{x/2} \cos[x]^3}{50\,653} - \frac{8 e^{x/2} x \cos[x]^3}{1369} + \\
& \frac{2}{37} e^{x/2} x^2 \cos[x]^3 - \frac{432 e^{x/2} \cos[3x]}{50\,653} + \frac{72 e^{x/2} x \cos[3x]}{1369} - \frac{1\,218\,672 e^{x/2} \sin[x]}{6\,331\,625} - \frac{32\,556 e^{x/2} x \sin[x]}{34\,225} + \frac{96}{185} e^{x/2} x^2 \sin[x] + \\
& \frac{96 e^{x/2} \cos[x]^2 \sin[x]}{50\,653} - \frac{48 e^{x/2} x \cos[x]^2 \sin[x]}{1369} + \frac{12}{37} e^{x/2} x^2 \cos[x]^2 \sin[x] - \frac{816 e^{x/2} \sin[3x]}{50\,653} - \frac{12 e^{x/2} x \sin[3x]}{1369}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 614: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int (1 + x^4) (1 - 2 \operatorname{Log}[x] + \operatorname{Log}[x]^3) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 60 leaves, 13 steps):

$$-3x + \frac{169x^5}{625} + 4x \operatorname{Log}[x] - \frac{44}{125} x^5 \operatorname{Log}[x] - 3x \operatorname{Log}[x]^2 - \frac{3}{25} x^5 \operatorname{Log}[x]^2 + x \operatorname{Log}[x]^3 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \operatorname{Log}[x]^3$$

Result (type 3, 73 leaves, 13 steps):

$$-3x + \frac{169x^5}{625} + 6x \operatorname{Log}[x] + \frac{6}{125} x^5 \operatorname{Log}[x] - \frac{2}{5} (5x + x^5) \operatorname{Log}[x] - 3x \operatorname{Log}[x]^2 - \frac{3}{25} x^5 \operatorname{Log}[x]^2 + x \operatorname{Log}[x]^3 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \operatorname{Log}[x]^3$$

Problem 695: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\frac{-a+x}{a+x}}\right] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 55 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2} a \sqrt{\frac{-a+x}{a+x}}}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{a+x}}} + (a+x) \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\frac{-a+x}{a+x}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 118 leaves, 8 steps):

$$-\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+x}} \sqrt{\frac{-a-x}{a+x}} (a+x) + x \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\sqrt{\frac{-a-x}{a+x}}\right] - \frac{a \sqrt{\frac{a}{a+x}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-a-x}{a+x}}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-a}{a+x}}}\right]}{\sqrt{\frac{-a}{a+x}}}$$

Test results for the 116 problems in "Welz Problems.m"

Problem 9: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x^2} (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-1+x^2})^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 220 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{2-4x}{5(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{-1+x^2})} + \frac{1}{25} \sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{x}\right] - \frac{1}{50} \sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}\right] -$$

$$\frac{1}{25} \sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{x}\right] - \frac{1}{50} \sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-x-\sqrt{5}x}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 365 leaves, 18 steps):

$$\frac{2(1-2x)\sqrt{x}}{5(1+x-x^2)} - \frac{2(1-2x)\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{5(1+x-x^2)} + \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(-11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}} \sqrt{x}\right] + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(-1+\sqrt{5})}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] -$$

$$\frac{2}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] - \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}} \sqrt{x}\right] +$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{5(1+\sqrt{5})}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-(1+\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] - \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-(1+\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right]$$

Problem 10: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-1+x^2})^2}{(1+x-x^2)^2 \sqrt{-1+x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 220 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{2-4x}{5(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{-1+x^2})} + \frac{1}{25}\sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}\sqrt{x}\right] - \frac{1}{50}\sqrt{-110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}\right] -$$

$$\frac{1}{25}\sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{5}}\sqrt{x}\right] - \frac{1}{50}\sqrt{110+50\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{5}}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{2-x-\sqrt{5}x}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 541 leaves, 25 steps):

$$\frac{2(1-2x)\sqrt{x}}{5(1+x-x^2)} - \frac{(1-2x)\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{5(1+x-x^2)} - \frac{(3-x)\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{5(1+x-x^2)} + \frac{(2+x)\sqrt{-1+x^2}}{5(1+x-x^2)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(-11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{x}\right] - \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(-11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] -$$

$$\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2-(1-\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] -$$

$$\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{x}\right] - \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-(1+\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] -$$

$$\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-(1+\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{5}\sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2-(1+\sqrt{5})x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt{-1+x^2}}\right]$$

Problem 29: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{Log}[2+x]^3 \operatorname{Log}[3+x] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 606 leaves, 359 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{302177x}{1152} + \frac{8029x^2}{2304} - \frac{763x^3}{3456} + \frac{3x^4}{256} + \frac{377}{64}(2+x)^2 - \frac{71}{216}(2+x)^3 + \frac{3}{256}(2+x)^4 + \frac{2069}{144}\text{Log}[2+x] - \frac{187}{64}x^2\text{Log}[2+x] + \frac{83}{288}x^3\text{Log}[2+x] - \\
& \frac{3}{128}x^4\text{Log}[2+x] + \frac{6733}{32}(2+x)\text{Log}[2+x] - \frac{377}{32}(2+x)^2\text{Log}[2+x] + \frac{71}{72}(2+x)^3\text{Log}[2+x] - \frac{3}{64}(2+x)^4\text{Log}[2+x] - \\
& \frac{43}{12}\text{Log}[2+x]^2 - \frac{17}{48}x^3\text{Log}[2+x]^2 + \frac{3}{64}x^4\text{Log}[2+x]^2 - \frac{1251}{16}(2+x)\text{Log}[2+x]^2 + \frac{273}{32}(2+x)^2\text{Log}[2+x]^2 - \frac{3}{4}(2+x)^3\text{Log}[2+x]^2 + \\
& \frac{3}{64}(2+x)^4\text{Log}[2+x]^2 + \frac{65}{4}(2+x)\text{Log}[2+x]^3 - \frac{33}{8}(2+x)^2\text{Log}[2+x]^3 + \frac{3}{4}(2+x)^3\text{Log}[2+x]^3 - \frac{1}{16}(2+x)^4\text{Log}[2+x]^3 + \\
& \frac{3891}{128}\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{115}{48}x^2\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{37}{144}x^3\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{3}{128}x^4\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{415}{12}(3+x)\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{4083}{32}\text{Log}[2+x]\text{Log}[3+x] - \\
& 25x\text{Log}[2+x]\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{13}{4}x^2\text{Log}[2+x]\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{7}{12}x^3\text{Log}[2+x]\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{3}{32}x^4\text{Log}[2+x]\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{963}{16}\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{Log}[3+x] + \\
& 6x\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{3}{2}x^2\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{1}{2}x^3\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{3}{16}x^4\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{Log}[3+x] - \\
& \frac{81}{4}\text{Log}[2+x]^3\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{1}{4}x^4\text{Log}[2+x]^3\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{5609}{96}\text{PolyLog}[2, -2-x] + \frac{563}{8}\text{Log}[2+x]\text{PolyLog}[2, -2-x] - \\
& \frac{195}{4}\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{PolyLog}[2, -2-x] - \frac{563}{8}\text{PolyLog}[3, -2-x] + \frac{195}{2}\text{Log}[2+x]\text{PolyLog}[3, -2-x] - \frac{195}{2}\text{PolyLog}[4, -2-x]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 679 leaves, 359 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{302177x}{1152} + \frac{8029x^2}{2304} - \frac{763x^3}{3456} + \frac{3x^4}{256} + \frac{377}{64}(2+x)^2 - \frac{71}{216}(2+x)^3 + \frac{3}{256}(2+x)^4 + \frac{2069}{144}\text{Log}[2+x] - \frac{187}{64}x^2\text{Log}[2+x] + \\
& \frac{83}{288}x^3\text{Log}[2+x] - \frac{3}{128}x^4\text{Log}[2+x] + \frac{6365}{32}(2+x)\text{Log}[2+x] - \frac{273}{32}(2+x)^2\text{Log}[2+x] + \frac{1}{2}(2+x)^3\text{Log}[2+x] - \\
& \frac{3}{128}(2+x)^4\text{Log}[2+x] + \frac{1}{128}(384(2+x) - 144(2+x)^2 + 32(2+x)^3 - 3(2+x)^4 - 192\text{Log}[2+x])\text{Log}[2+x] + \\
& \frac{17}{72}(36(2+x) - 9(2+x)^2 + (2+x)^3 - 24\text{Log}[2+x])\text{Log}[2+x] + \frac{43}{12}\text{Log}[2+x]^2 - \frac{17}{48}x^3\text{Log}[2+x]^2 + \frac{3}{64}x^4\text{Log}[2+x]^2 - \frac{1251}{16}(2+x)\text{Log}[2+x]^2 + \\
& \frac{273}{32}(2+x)^2\text{Log}[2+x]^2 - \frac{3}{4}(2+x)^3\text{Log}[2+x]^2 + \frac{3}{64}(2+x)^4\text{Log}[2+x]^2 + \frac{65}{4}(2+x)\text{Log}[2+x]^3 - \frac{33}{8}(2+x)^2\text{Log}[2+x]^3 + \frac{3}{4}(2+x)^3\text{Log}[2+x]^3 - \\
& \frac{1}{16}(2+x)^4\text{Log}[2+x]^3 + \frac{3891}{128}\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{115}{48}x^2\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{37}{144}x^3\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{3}{128}x^4\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{415}{12}(3+x)\text{Log}[3+x] - \\
& \frac{4083}{32}\text{Log}[2+x]\text{Log}[3+x] - 25x\text{Log}[2+x]\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{13}{4}x^2\text{Log}[2+x]\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{7}{12}x^3\text{Log}[2+x]\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{3}{32}x^4\text{Log}[2+x]\text{Log}[3+x] + \\
& \frac{963}{16}\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{Log}[3+x] + 6x\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{3}{2}x^2\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{1}{2}x^3\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{3}{16}x^4\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{Log}[3+x] - \\
& \frac{81}{4}\text{Log}[2+x]^3\text{Log}[3+x] + \frac{1}{4}x^4\text{Log}[2+x]^3\text{Log}[3+x] - \frac{5609}{96}\text{PolyLog}[2, -2-x] + \frac{563}{8}\text{Log}[2+x]\text{PolyLog}[2, -2-x] - \\
& \frac{195}{4}\text{Log}[2+x]^2\text{PolyLog}[2, -2-x] - \frac{563}{8}\text{PolyLog}[3, -2-x] + \frac{195}{2}\text{Log}[2+x]\text{PolyLog}[3, -2-x] - \frac{195}{2}\text{PolyLog}[4, -2-x]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 39: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (2 - 3x + x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 110 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2^{1/3}(2-x)}{\sqrt{3}(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[2-x]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}\left[2-x-2^{2/3}(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 176 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3}(-2+x)^{1/3}(-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(-2+x)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{3}(-1+x)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}} + \frac{3(-2+x)^{1/3}(-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{(-2+x)^{2/3}}{2^{1/3}} - 2^{1/3}(-1+x)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}} - \frac{(-2+x)^{1/3}(-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}[x]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}(2-3x+x^2)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 40: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(-5 + 7x - 3x^2 + x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 81 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(-1+x)}{\sqrt{3}(-5+7x-3x^2+x^3)^{1/3}}\right] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1-x] - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{Log}\left[1-x+(-5+7x-3x^2+x^3)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 131 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(4 + (-1+x)^2\right)^{1/3} (-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(-1+x)^{2/3}}{(4+(-1+x)^2)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \left(4(-1+x) + (-1+x)^3\right)^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \left(4 + (-1+x)^2\right)^{1/3} (-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[-\left(4 + (-1+x)^2\right)^{1/3} + (-1+x)^{2/3}\right]}{4 \left(4(-1+x) + (-1+x)^3\right)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 41: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x(-q+x^2))^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 66 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}(x(-q+x^2))^{1/3}}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{4} - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{Log}\left[-x + (x(-q+x^2))^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 117 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} x^{1/3} (-q + x^2)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2x^{2/3}}{(-q+x^2)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2(-qx + x^3)^{1/3}} - \frac{3x^{1/3} (-q + x^2)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[x^{2/3} - (-q + x^2)^{1/3}\right]}{4(-qx + x^3)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 42: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{((-1+x)(q-2x+x^2))^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 79 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(-1+x)}{\sqrt{3}((-1+x)(q-2x+x^2))^{1/3}}\right] + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Log}[1-x] - \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{Log}\left[1-x + ((-1+x)(q-2x+x^2))^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 145 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}(-1+q+(-1+x)^2)^{1/3}(-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(-1+x)^{2/3}}{(-1+q+(-1+x)^2)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2(-(1-q)(-1+x) + (-1+x)^3)^{1/3}} - \frac{3(-1+q+(-1+x)^2)^{1/3}(-1+x)^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[-(-1+q+(-1+x)^2)^{1/3} + (-1+x)^{2/3}\right]}{4(-(1-q)(-1+x) + (-1+x)^3)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 43: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{x((-1+x)(q-2qx+x^2))^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 118 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2q^{1/3}(-1+x)}{\sqrt{3}((-1+x)(q-2qx+x^2))^{1/3}}\right]}{2q^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1-x]}{4q^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2q^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}\left[-q^{1/3}(-1+x) + ((-1+x)(q-2qx+x^2))^{1/3}\right]}{4q^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 677 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3 \left(-q + 3qx + (-1-2q)x^2 + x^3 \right)^{1/3}} \left(-1 - 2q - \frac{1 - 5q + 4q^2 + \left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-(-1+q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3}}{\left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-(-1+q)^3 q} \right)^{1/3}} + 3x \right)^{1/3} \\
& \left(-1 + 5q - 4q^2 + \frac{(1-4q)^2 (1-q)^2}{\left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1-q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3}} + \left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1-q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{3 \left(1 - 5q + 4q^2 + \left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1-q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} (-1-2q) + x \right)}{\left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1-q)^3 q} \right)^{1/3}} + 9 \left(\frac{1}{3} (-1-2q) + x \right)^2 \right)^{1/3} \\
& \text{Unintegrable} \left[3 \sqrt[3]{x \left(-1 - 2q - \frac{1 - 5q + 4q^2 + \left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-(-1+q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3}}{\left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{-(-1+q)^3 q} \right)^{1/3}} + 3x \right)^{1/3}} \right. \\
& \left(-1 + 5q - 4q^2 + \frac{(1-4q)^2 (1-q)^2}{\left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1-q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3}} + \left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1-q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3} + \right. \\
& \left. 9 \left(\frac{1}{3} (-1-2q) + x \right)^2 + \frac{\left(1 - 5q + 4q^2 + \left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1-q)^3 q} \right)^{2/3} \right) (-1-2q+3x)}{\left(1 + 6q - 15q^2 + 8q^3 + 3\sqrt{3} \sqrt{(1-q)^3 q} \right)^{1/3}} \right)^{1/3} \Bigg], x]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 44: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{2 - (1+k)x}{\left((1-x)x(1-kx) \right)^{1/3} (1 - (1+k)x)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 111 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1 + \frac{2k^{1/3}x}{\left((1-x)x(1-kx) \right)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right]}{k^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2k^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1 - (1+k)x]}{2k^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}[-k^{1/3}x + \left((1-x)x(1-kx) \right)^{1/3}]}{2k^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 139 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{3 (1-x)^{1/3} x (1-kx)^{1/3} \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x, kx\right]}{2 ((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}} + \frac{(1-x)^{1/3} x^{1/3} (1-kx)^{1/3} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{1}{(1-x)^{1/3} x^{1/3} (1+(-1-k)x) (1-kx)^{1/3}}, x\right]}{((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}}$$

Problem 45: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1-kx}{(1+(-2+k)x)((1-x)x(1-kx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 176 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{1/3}(1-kx)}{(1-k)^{1/3}((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[1-(2-k)x]}{2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[1-kx]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}} - \frac{3 \text{Log}[-1+kx+2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}((1-x)x(1-kx))^{1/3}]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}(1-k)^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 78 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{(1-x)^{2/3} x^{2/3} (1-kx)^{2/3} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-kx)^{1/3}}{(1-x)^{2/3} x^{2/3} (1+(-2+k)x)}, x\right]}{((1-x)x(1-kx))^{2/3}}$$

Problem 46: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{a+bx+cx^2}{(1-x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 493 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(a+b) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{(a+b) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{c \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{(a-c) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{(b+c) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{1/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \\ & \frac{(a+b) \text{Log}[(1-x)(1+x)^2]}{12 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{(a-c) \text{Log}[1+x^3]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{(b+c) \text{Log}[1+x^3]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{(a+b) \text{Log}\left[1+\frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{(a+b) \text{Log}\left[1+\frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \\ & \frac{(b+c) \text{Log}[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{(a-c) \text{Log}[-2^{1/3}x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{1}{2} c \text{Log}[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}] - \frac{(a+b) \text{Log}[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 576 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{c \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\left(2a + b - i\sqrt{3}b - (1 + i\sqrt{3})c\right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 - \frac{2^{2/3}(1-i\sqrt{3}+2x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{2\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} + \\
& \frac{\left(2a + b + i\sqrt{3}b - c + i\sqrt{3}c\right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 - \frac{2^{2/3}(1+i\sqrt{3}+2x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{2\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})} + \frac{\left(3ib - \sqrt{3}(2a + b - c - i\sqrt{3}c)\right) \operatorname{Log}\left[-(1 - i\sqrt{3} - 2x)^2(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x)\right]}{12 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} + \\
& \frac{\left(3ib + \sqrt{3}(2a + b - c + i\sqrt{3}c)\right) \operatorname{Log}\left[-(1 + i\sqrt{3} - 2x)^2(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x)\right]}{12 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})} + \\
& \frac{1}{2} c \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1 - x^3)^{1/3}\right] - \frac{\left(3ib - \sqrt{3}(2a + b - c - i\sqrt{3}c)\right) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x + 2 \times 2^{2/3}(1 - x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} - \\
& \frac{\left(3ib + \sqrt{3}(2a + b - c + i\sqrt{3}c)\right) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x + 2 \times 2^{2/3}(1 - x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 52: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-a - \sqrt{1+a^2} + x}{(-a + \sqrt{1+a^2} + x) \sqrt{(-a+x)(1+x^2)}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 66 leaves, ? steps):

$$-\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a + \sqrt{1+a^2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-a + \sqrt{1+a^2}} (-a+x)}{\sqrt{(-a+x)(1+x^2)}}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 204 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{2i \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{i+a}} \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-ix}}{\sqrt{2}}\right], \frac{2}{1-ia}\right]}{\sqrt{-(a-x)(1+x^2)}} + \frac{4\sqrt{1+a^2} \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{i+a}} \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{2}{1-i(a-\sqrt{1+a^2})}, \operatorname{ArcSin}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-ix}}{\sqrt{2}}\right], \frac{2}{1-ia}\right]}{\left(1-i(a-\sqrt{1+a^2})\right) \sqrt{-(a-x)(1+x^2)}}$$

Problem 56: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int x (1 - x^3)^{1/3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 73 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{3} x^2 (1 - x^3)^{1/3} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{6} \text{Log}\left[-x - (1 - x^3)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 107 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{1}{3} x^2 (1 - x^3)^{1/3} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{18} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x^2}{(1 - x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{x}{(1 - x^3)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{9} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x}{(1 - x^3)^{1/3}}\right]$$

Problem 58: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1 - x^3)^{1/3}}{1 + x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 482 leaves, 25 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & (1 - x^3)^{1/3} + \frac{2^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{2/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{2/3} x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \\ & \frac{2^{1/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2^{2/3} \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[1 + x^3\right] + \frac{\text{Log}\left[2^{2/3} - \frac{1-x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{1/3} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] - \\ & \frac{\text{Log}\left[2 \times 2^{1/3} + \frac{(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{2/3}} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[-x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] + \frac{\text{Log}\left[-2^{1/3} x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{2/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves, 0 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1 - x^3)^{1/3}}{1 + x}, x\right]$$

Problem 59: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{1-x+x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 280 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(-1+x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-3(-1+x)(1-x+x^2)\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} +$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{Log}\left[-2^{1/3}(-1+x) + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{1/3}x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{2/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 79 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2 \text{ i CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{1+i\sqrt{3}-2x}, x\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2 \text{ i CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{-1+i\sqrt{3}+2x}, x\right]}{\sqrt{3}}$$

Problem 60: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{2+x} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 232 leaves, 12 steps):

$$(1-x^3)^{1/3} + \frac{1}{2} x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, x^3, -\frac{x^3}{8}\right] - \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + 3^{1/6} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{3^{2/3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - 3^{1/6} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{3 \times 3^{1/6}}\right] -$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[8+x^3\right]}{3^{1/3}} + \frac{1}{2} \times 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[3^{2/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[-x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] + \frac{1}{2} \times 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[-\frac{1}{2} \times 3^{2/3}x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves, 0 steps):

$$\operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{2+x}, x\right]$$

Problem 61: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{2+x}{(1+x+x^2)(2+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 168 leaves, 9 steps):

$$-\frac{x^2 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -\frac{x^3}{2}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2 \cdot 3^{1/3} x}{(2+x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3^{5/6}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{3^{1/3} + 2(2+x^3)^{1/3}}{3^{5/6}}\right]}{3^{5/6}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1-x^3]}{6 \times 3^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[3^{1/3} - (2+x^3)^{1/3}]}{2 \times 3^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[3^{1/3} x - (2+x^3)^{1/3}]}{3^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 81 leaves, 2 steps):

$$(1 - i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Unintegrable}\left[\frac{1}{(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x)(2+x^3)^{1/3}}, x\right] + (1 + i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Unintegrable}\left[\frac{1}{(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x)(2+x^3)^{1/3}}, x\right]$$

Problem 82: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-2 + a + x}{(-a + x) \sqrt{(2-a)ax + (-1-2a+a^2)x^2 + x^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 1 leaves, ? steps):

0

Result (type 4, 529 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2(1-a)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(2-a)a-(1+2a-a^2)x+x^2}\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-1+2a-a^2}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{(2-a)a-(1+2a-a^2)x+x^2}}\right]}{a\sqrt{-1+2a-a^2}\sqrt{(2-a)ax-(1+2a-a^2)x^2+x^3}} + \\
& \left(\frac{\left((2-a)a\right)^{3/4}\sqrt{x}\left(1+\frac{x}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(2-a)a-(1+2a-a^2)x+x^2}{(2-a)a\left(1+\frac{x}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}}\right)^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left[2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\left((2-a)a\right)^{1/4}}\right],\frac{1}{4}\left(2+\frac{1+2a-a^2}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}}\right)\right]}{\left(a\sqrt{(2-a)ax-(1+2a-a^2)x^2+x^3}\right)+\left((2-a)\left(1-\sqrt{(2-a)a}\right)\sqrt{x}\left(1+\frac{x}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(2-a)a-(1+2a-a^2)x+x^2}{(2-a)a\left(1+\frac{x}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}}\right)^2}}\right)} \right) / \\
& \left. \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{\left(\sqrt{2-a}+\sqrt{a}\right)^2}{4\sqrt{(2-a)a}},2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\left((2-a)a\right)^{1/4}}\right],\frac{1}{4}\left(2+\frac{1+2a-a^2}{\sqrt{(2-a)a}}\right)\right] \right) / \left(\left((2-a)a\right)^{3/4}\sqrt{(2-a)ax-(1+2a-a^2)x^2+x^3}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 83: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{-a+(-1+2a)x}{(-a+x)\sqrt{a^2x-(-1+2a+a^2)x^2+(-1+2a)x^3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 46 leaves, ? steps):

$$\operatorname{Log}\left[\frac{-a^2+2ax+x^2-2\left(x+\sqrt{(1-x)x(a^2+x-2ax)}\right)}{(a-x)^2}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 180 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{2(1-2a)\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{(1-2a)x}{a^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x}],-\frac{1-2a}{a^2}\right]+4(1-a)\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+\frac{(1-2a)x}{a^2}}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{1}{a},\operatorname{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x}],-\frac{1-2a}{a^2}\right]}{\sqrt{a^2x+(1-2a-a^2)x^2-(1-2a)x^3}}$$

Problem 94: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^3)(a+bx^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 98 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(a+b)^{1/3}x}{(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}(a+b)^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[1-x^3]}{6(a+b)^{1/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[(a+b)^{1/3}x - (a+bx^3)^{1/3}]}{2(a+b)^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 135 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(a+b)^{1/3}x}{(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}(a+b)^{1/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{(a+b)^{1/3}x}{(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3(a+b)^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(a+b)^{2/3}x^2}{(a+bx^3)^{2/3}} + \frac{(a+b)^{1/3}x}{(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6(a+b)^{1/3}}$$

Problem 95: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(1+x+x^2)(a+bx^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 154 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(a+b)^{1/3}x}{(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}(a+b)^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}{(a+b)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}(a+b)^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[(a+b)^{1/3} - (a+bx^3)^{1/3}]}{2(a+b)^{1/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[(a+b)^{1/3}x - (a+bx^3)^{1/3}]}{2(a+b)^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 8, 91 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{1}{3} (3 - i\sqrt{3}) \text{Unintegrable}\left[\frac{1}{(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x)(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}, x\right] + \frac{1}{3} (3 + i\sqrt{3}) \text{Unintegrable}\left[\frac{1}{(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x)(a+bx^3)^{1/3}}, x\right]$$

Problem 97: Result valid but suboptimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}(1+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 88 leaves, 1 step):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[1+x^3]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[-2^{1/3} x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 122 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} x^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Problem 98: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3} (1+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 233 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{Log}[(1-x)(1+x)^2]}{12 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 26 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right]$$

Problem 100: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1+x}{(1-x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 135 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 409 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2^{-\frac{2^{1/3}(1-i\sqrt{3}+2x)}}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{2\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} + \frac{(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2^{-\frac{2^{1/3}(1+i\sqrt{3}+2x)}}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{2\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})} + \\
& \frac{(i - \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[-(1 - i\sqrt{3} - 2x)^2(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x)\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} + \frac{(i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[-(1 + i\sqrt{3} - 2x)^2(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x)\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})} - \\
& \frac{3(i - \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x + 2 \times 2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} - \frac{3(i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x + 2 \times 2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 101: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}(1+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 135 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 409 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2^{-\frac{2^{1/3}(1-i\sqrt{3}+2x)}}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{2\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} + \frac{(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2^{-\frac{2^{1/3}(1+i\sqrt{3}+2x)}}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{2\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})} + \\
& \frac{(i - \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[-(1 - i\sqrt{3} - 2x)^2(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x)\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} + \frac{(i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[-(1 + i\sqrt{3} - 2x)^2(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x)\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})} - \\
& \frac{3(i - \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x + 2 \times 2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} - \frac{3(i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x + 2 \times 2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 102: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1-x}{(1+x+x^2)(1+x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 119 leaves, ? steps):

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2^{2/3}(1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1+x)^2}{(1+x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}(1+x)}{(1+x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 3, 399 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(3 - i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2^{-2/3}(1-i\sqrt{3}-2x)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} - \frac{(3 + i\sqrt{3}) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2^{-2/3}(1+i\sqrt{3}-2x)}{2\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})} - \\ & \frac{(i - \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[(1 - i\sqrt{3} - 2x)(1 - i\sqrt{3} + 2x)^2\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} - \frac{(i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[(1 + i\sqrt{3} - 2x)(1 + i\sqrt{3} + 2x)^2\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})} + \\ & \frac{3(i - \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - i\sqrt{3} - 2x + 2 \times 2^{2/3}(1+x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i + \sqrt{3})} + \frac{3(i + \sqrt{3}) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + i\sqrt{3} - 2x + 2 \times 2^{2/3}(1+x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{4 \times 2^{1/3}(i - \sqrt{3})} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 103: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1+x+x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 43 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{1}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} + \frac{x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} - x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right]$$

Result (type 8, 151 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{4}{3} \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(-1+i\sqrt{3}-2x)^2}, x\right] + \frac{4i \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{-1+i\sqrt{3}-2x}, x\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} - \\ & \frac{4}{3} \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1+i\sqrt{3}+2x)^2}, x\right] + \frac{4i \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+i\sqrt{3}+2x}, x\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 104: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1-x}{(1+x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{1/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 43 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{1}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} + \frac{x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}} - x^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right]$$

Result (type 8, 87 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\left(1+i\sqrt{3}\right) \text{Unintegrable}\left[\frac{1}{(1-i\sqrt{3}+2x)(1-x^3)^{1/3}}, x\right] - \left(1-i\sqrt{3}\right) \text{Unintegrable}\left[\frac{1}{(1+i\sqrt{3}+2x)(1-x^3)^{1/3}}, x\right]$$

Problem 108: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{a+bx} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 384 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{2b} - \frac{(a^3+b^3)x^2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -\frac{b^3x^3}{a^3}\right]}{2a^2b^2} + \frac{a^2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}b^3} - \frac{(a^3+b^3)^{2/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2(a^3+b^3)^{1/3}x}{a(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}b^3} + \\ & \frac{(a^3+b^3)^{2/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2b(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{(a^3+b^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}b^3} + \frac{ax^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right]}{2b^2} - \frac{(a^3+b^3)^{2/3} \text{Log}[a^3+b^3x^3]}{3b^3} + \\ & \frac{(a^3+b^3)^{2/3} \text{Log}\left[-\frac{(a^3+b^3)^{1/3}x}{a} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2b^3} - \frac{a^2 \text{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2b^3} + \frac{(a^3+b^3)^{2/3} \text{Log}\left[(a^3+b^3)^{1/3} - b(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2b^3} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 21 leaves, 0 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{a+bx}, x\right]$$

Problem 109: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1-x+x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 234 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{3(1+x^3)} + \frac{x(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{3(1+x^3)} + \frac{2x^2(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{3(1+x^3)} - \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} + \\ & \frac{1}{3} x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-2^{1/3}x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 151 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{4}{3} \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1+i\sqrt{3}-2x)^2}, x\right] + \frac{4 \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+i\sqrt{3}-2x}, x\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} - \\ & \frac{4}{3} \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(-1+i\sqrt{3}+2x)^2}, x\right] + \frac{4 \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{-1+i\sqrt{3}+2x}, x\right]}{3\sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 110: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-2x)(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1-x+x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 199 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1-x+x^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \\ & \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{1/3} - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-2^{1/3}x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 159 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{4}{3} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1+i\sqrt{3}-2x)^2}, x\right] + \frac{4}{3} (1+i\sqrt{3}) \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(1+i\sqrt{3}-2x)^2}, x\right] -$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(-1+i\sqrt{3}+2x)^2}, x\right] + \frac{4}{3} (1-i\sqrt{3}) \text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{(-1+i\sqrt{3}+2x)^2}, x\right]$$

Problem 111: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 177 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} (1-x^3)^{2/3} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] -$$

$$\frac{\text{Log}\left[\frac{(1-x)(1+x)^2}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] + \frac{3 \text{Log}\left[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}}$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves, 0 steps):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x}, x\right]$$

Problem 112: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x+x^2)(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 177 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{1}{2} (1-x^3)^{2/3} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] -$$

$$\frac{\text{Log}\left[\frac{(1-x)(1+x)^2}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] + \frac{3 \text{Log}\left[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}}$$

Result (type 8, 19 leaves, 1 step):

$$\text{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x}, x\right]$$

Problem 113: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 132 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{2/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\text{Log}[1+x^3]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[-2^{1/3} x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{1/3}} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]$$

Result (type 6, 21 leaves, 1 step):

$$x \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right]$$

Problem 114: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{x(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 250 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\frac{2^{2/3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\frac{2 \cdot 2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{2^{1/3} \sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] +$$

$$\frac{\text{Log}\left[(1-x)(1+x)^2\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} + \frac{\text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3} (1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{2/3} \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3} (1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{\text{Log}\left[-1+x+2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}$$

Result (type 6, 26 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{5}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right]$$

Problem 115: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(1-x)(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 383 leaves, ? steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{1/3}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2^{2/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \\
 & \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, x^3\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[(1-x)(1+x)^2\right]}{6 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1+x^3]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{1/3}} + \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{2/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-2^{1/3}x - (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2^{1/3}} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x + (1-x^3)^{1/3}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[-1 + x + 2^{2/3}(1-x^3)^{1/3}\right]}{2 \times 2^{1/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 101 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{2}{3} \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{-1-x}, x\right] - \frac{1}{3} \left(1 + (-1)^{2/3}\right) \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{-1 + (-1)^{1/3}x}, x\right] - \frac{1}{3} \left(1 - (-1)^{1/3}\right) \operatorname{CannotIntegrate}\left[\frac{(1-x^3)^{2/3}}{-1 - (-1)^{2/3}x}, x\right]$$

Problem 116: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}{1+x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 272 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2^{1/3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2^{2/3} - \frac{1-x}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}} - \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \times 2^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{3} \times 2^{1/3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{2^{1/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[2 \times 2^{1/3} + \frac{(1-x)^2}{(1-x^3)^{2/3}} + \frac{2^{2/3}(1-x)}{(1-x^3)^{1/3}}\right]}{6 \times 2^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

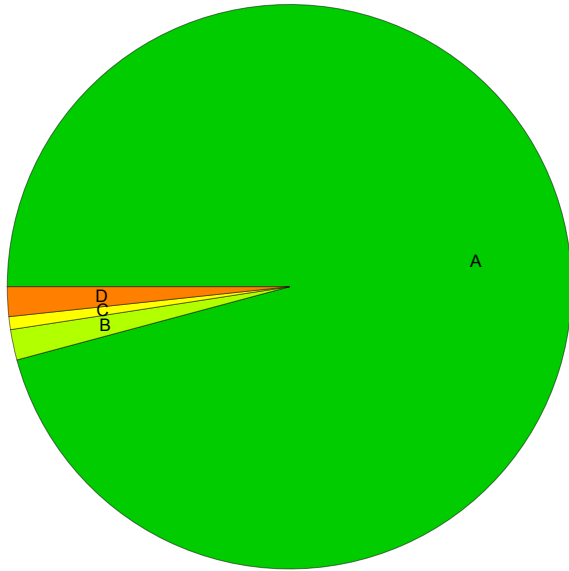
Result (type 6, 21 leaves, 1 step):

$$x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, x^3, -x^3\right]$$

Test results for the 8 problems in "Wester Problems.m"

Summary of Integration Test Results

1892 integration problems



A - 1813 optimal antiderivatives

B - 33 valid but suboptimal antiderivatives

C - 14 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives

D - 32 unable to integrate problems

E - 0 integration timeouts

F - 0 invalid antiderivatives